

WERE CAUGHT.

Two Fiends Who Committed an Outrage on Mrs. Ellen Rose

Officer Anton Captures Them While

THE OLD LADY BEATEN AND CARRIED

The Assault Committed in a Lumber Yard on Second, Between Lynch and Dorcas Streets Last Night—Her Face Badly Cut and Bruised—She Was Taken With Her Assaultants

Patrick Murphy and Patrick Duffy Seen at the Four Courts.

A most horrible and brutal offense was committed on an old woman by two men named Patrick Murphy and Patrick Duffy in the vicinity of Lynch and Dorcas streets last night, their victim being Mrs. Ellen Rose of Frank T. Rose's building, Springfield, St. Clair. Mrs. Rose came to the Four Courts the city yesterday morning with a wagon load of garden produce, crossing the river by the ferry at the foot of Anna street. They sold their vegetables, and after making some collections on old debts, found that they had a little over \$14. Mr. Rose is lame from rheumatism and his wife, a well preserved woman of 57 years, is lame from rheumatism. They have a few dollars in the collections and carried the money in a large pocketbook in her bosom. They fed their horse and left their wagon in Michael Schweigler's "farm yard" at 2623 South Wharf street and took supper at his boarding-house. They intended to return home last night, but missed the last ferryboat and decided to remain at Schweigler's place until morning. John Warmer, the owner of the house, John Warmer, whom she hasn't seen for some time, and thought this a good opportunity to visit her. Leaving Mrs. Rose at Schweigler's, she walked out to No. 2627 Papin street, where there is a saloon and went in and there she was there very pleasantly. When she got up to go it was after 11 o'clock, much later than she expected, but she thought she knew the way, and as the streets were well lighted, she had no doubt whatever that she would reach Schweigler's lodging-house near the foot of Anna street, in safety. Mr. Warmer

accompanied her a few blocks and then she was alone. At the corner of Broadway and Bismarck street, only a few feet from her apartment, she saw Officer Anton of the Second Police District and asked him if she was on the right road to Schweigler's. The old lady's answer was that she was in a maze, making out the street names on the corners. The officer questioned her to find out who she was and what she was doing out so late, and, realizing that she was lost, he took her to her home on Anna street and directed her down that street and started off in the opposite direction himself.

HED, HER GROANS.

About two hours later he was passing a lumber yard on the west side of Second, between Dorcas and Lynch streets, when he heard groans coming from the heart of the lumber pile. Listening, he heard a woman talking and the groans of a man. Taking out his revolver, he slipped into the lumber pile and found a man and a woman who could see what was going on. An outrage of

mitted, and there were two men engaged in the struggle. The woman, who was crying, rushed toward them and told them to throw up their hands. The villains were both armed with revolvers and the woman offered resistance meant death. The officer searched them for revolvers, but found none. He lifted her up and carried her to the car. One of the men was the old woman whom he had met two hours before on Broadway Avenue. Officer Greer took her to the car and her on second and Anna streets soon after the officer had left her and had carried her to the car. She said she did not know where they had kept her ever since. Officer Anton and the sergeant took the woman to the Police Station and from there the woman was afterwards transferred to the Four Courts to treatment that would have killed an ordinary woman. She was able to speak to what she wanted to say. She accompanied Officer Anton to the Four Courts with her husband this morning. Officer Anton was taken to Chief Harrigan and a Post-Dispatch reporter. It was substantially as given above.

Struck her in the face and then "choke" her, she said. She was then taken across the street, run up to them. She was told that if she made any noise at all she would be killed. She was then taken to a room where she was strapped and carried to her some distance, she didn't know how far or in what direction. She was then taken to a room where she was told the blows she had received when she began to cry out that she couldn't tell all that happened.

STRUCK WITH IRON.

The woman's nose is cut and bruised and swollen to nearly twice its natural size, and her face is bruised and swollen across the forehead having been struck pretty hard. A piece of her hair was also used in injuring the woman. She was then taken to a room where she was found afterwards, and she says that her assailants must have taken it, although she doesn't know where it was taken. She was found on them at the station. In searching them for a pistol Officer Anton

Mrs. Rose is a native of Potosi, Washington County, Mo. Her father was John McManus, a prominent citizen of the town, and Mrs. Rose is the only daughter of her father by the old gentleman. Born in Potosi, Mo., Mrs. Rose was married in 1882 to Mr. J. M. Rose, and she thinks it rather remarkable also that neither one of the Potosis is in Washington County, the other one is in Grant County. Her husband is a farmer and owns a large tract of land, some care of 160 acres of timber land for Col. Hill of the Vandavia Road. A small portion of the land is planted and cultivated and it is the best catch of ground in the county. Mrs. Rose grows potatoes and herbs and vegetables yearly for the St. Louis market.

The prisoners were examined by Chief of

Duffy's criminal record. Duffy claimed that the only part he took part in was in 1967, when he was 19, the woman's only assailant being himself, but the blood on his clothing would have convinced the jury of his guilt.

Duffy, who is 37 years old and a single father of two, has been out of jail for some time and has a job as a driver for a company in St. Louis and lives with his cousins, Bernard and Robert, who are both disbarred lawyers. His face is badly disfigured and he speaks indistinctly in consequence. He says he has no memory of the night of the rape, but that a scar on his chin was made in falling from a pile-driver. The only person he remembers was the driver who was disturbing the peace several years ago at an election. Last night he was at a taxi raising a row with a woman who was having sexual relations with him. They got pretty funny and he doesn't remember which saloon they were in.

John M. Denny, the man who held up and robbed John Reigh, a Moberly saloon-keeper, last September, has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary on a plea of guilty.

sturb the peace several years ago at an
 section. Last night he was at a flag raising
 for Murphy, and after that visited several
 saloons with him. They got pretty full and
 doesn't remember which saloon they
 were at last or when they left it, but says that

Washburn of this city, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Switzerland, has sent in his resignation to the President, dating his letter

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1892.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Thomas G. Seabrook, 216.
OLYMPIA—Lillian Russell.
THE HAGAN—Richard Mansfield.
HAYLINS—“For Love and Money.”
STANDARD—Fields and Hanson's Drawing Cards.
GERMANIA—Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.
POPE'S—“A Knotty Affair.”
MATINEES TO-MORROW.
HAYLINS—“For Love and Money.”

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Generally fair; northerly winds.
Rain has fallen over nearly the entire country, the heaviest being in the Western Gulf States and in Illinois and Indiana. An area of low pressure is now central in Louisiana, apparently moving northward, which will probably cause rain to continue from St. Louis south and throughout the Ohio Valley for twenty-four hours longer. Temperature changes are slight.
Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day for St. Louis: Rain; nearly stationary temperature.

THE Warner campaign cry has become a mere hiccough.

SHALL elections be bought? The answer lies with honest voters.

A VOTE for Chas. P. Johnson is a blow at the criminal protective combine.

MR. CLEVELAND appeals to the people against the plutocratic corruptionists.

IF Maj. Warner could get the Missouri voters drunk enough, the Missouri voters might vote for Maj. Warner.

AS THE voice of a goose saved Rome, the Old Pretender hopes that the wild-cat yowl may save the Republican party.

THERE may be workmen in the United States who will vote the Irish ticket, but they will get up early to do it.

SENATOR HILL repudiates the interview in which he is made to abuse Wayne MacVeagh. The Senator is still level-headed and politic.

YES, the leading Republicans have all been heard from in this campaign, some of them, however, not from the Republican side of the fence.

IN the State elections the railroad combine and in the local elections the Four Courts ring must be crushed by the defeat of their candidates.

IT is a very bad high tariff when hundreds of thousands of dollars have to be raised and Robert Lincoln has to be called home to save Illinois.

THE only way in which the influence of Wayne MacVeagh's conversion may be nullified is by refuting his charges against the Republican party.

GEORGE FRENCH, prosecutor in the District of Columbia, has resigned because he is no longer a Republican, but George Baber still remains to the g. o. p.

JOHN WANAMAKER is going to make speeches in Indiana. May be the holy man wants to find out just how his money is spent by Mr. Quay's lieutenants.

IF Mr. Joy knows the difference between political strength and weakness his feelings are not in accord with his name over the accession of Billy Macklin to his support.

MR. CARNegie gives \$100,000 to support a policy which will raise the wages of his employees and cheapen the price of his products. Who can doubt his philanthropy now?

DEMOCRATS and Populists who want the Supreme Court of the State preserved from the corrupt and dangerous influence of corporations will scratch Sherwood and Shirk and vote for Nagel.

Isn't it a curious coincidence that H. C. Erick, Secretaries Elkins and Tracy, and Matt Quay should all have businesses in New York on the same day? They all conferred with Chairman Carter, too.

MR. HARRISON will be somewhat embarrassed if he should have to carry out all the contracts for federal offices that Chris Magee is making in buying off Republican candidates in Alabama.

THE Colorado Republicans are representing Weaver as Cleveland's wooden horse. If Weaver is Cleveland's wooden

horse in Colorado, is not Weaver the wooden horse of Harrison in Alabama?

A Republican reporter was seen talking with Ashley Clover last Monday evening in a down-town restaurant, which was crowded at the time. He didn't seem to know that his chief wanted Mr. Clover.

GROVER CLEVELAND gives no sign of fatigue as he marches at the head of the column of progressives. Not the most capricious critic can find a sign of retrogression in his Lyceum speech last night.

ABOVE the deafening roar of our prosperity (caused by the McKinley law) rise the noise of business failures and the plaintive cry of the farmer as he watches the price of wheat sink far below the cost point.

It must not be supposed that Col. White-Land Reid had anything to do with the printing of the Alabama Republican tickets in a "rat" printing office. Col. Reid has been the friend of labor ever since last summer.

JUDGE GRESHAM rightly says that a Republican can vote for Cleveland without joining the Democratic party. There are thousands of Republicans who think with him and who will act upon the Judge's suggestion next Tuesday.

GEN. NOBLE's assertion that the South does not, and never did, desire to see the Northwest prosper, will astonish a great many people. Where did Gen. Noble get this information? Did Mr. Baber, late of the Pension Bureau, communicate it to him?

AFTER all, Jerry Simpson's body guard may not have been a useless precaution. A few nights since he was burned in effigy at Wichita. The partisan mob that burns a political opponent in effigy might not hesitate to go further if an opportunity were offered.

MEN who will resist the influences of the Four Courts ring are the only men honest citizens can afford to vote for as candidates for Criminal Court offices. Neither Clover, Zachritz nor Clark can be depended upon to do this. Clark and Zachritz are under the control of the combine.

THE investigation of Johnny Davenport, the election purifier, is at a standstill because neither Johnny nor the Republican members of the committee have put in an appearance. Mr. Harrison's purification processes are so slow that he is likely to go out of the White House with the ballot as foul as it was when his blocks of five marched to the polls of Indiana in '88.

A MANUFACTURING concern in Utica, N. Y., and one in Brooklyn have notified their employees that they must vote the Republican ticket or "get out." Probably the same threat has been made in other quarters or will be before election day. Fortunately, however, the Australian ballot will enable workmen to circumvent their would-be-masters in most of the States. Intimidation of voters is a thing of the past.

GEN. JAMES B. COIT, formerly Commander of the Second Corps, Army of the Potomac, has written a letter indorsing Cleveland's pension record, and calling upon the old soldiers to join him on election day. The conclusion is terse and easily understood:

The soldier dishonorably discharged, the deserter, any and every deserter who fought in the Confederate ranks against country and flag, have been pensioned and their names placed beside the brave and loyal veterans, such, in brief, is the record we are asked to indorse by voting against Cleveland and Stevenson. The soldiers will not do it. Self-respecting veterans cannot do it. They prefer a President who has in his appointments proved himself the true friend of the loyal soldier, and who has kept the pension roll a roll of honor.

How many veterans will answer this call?

THE partial list of millionaires and their contributions to the Republican campaign fund published in Monday's Post-Dispatch is more interesting than the famous revelations concerning the Wanamaker fund of 1888. Chief of the subscribers this year is Andrew Carnegie, who gives \$100,000. Do workmen believe for a moment that he does this to save the country? Do they not believe that he has his profits in mind? After the Homestead incident his motives are laid bare and no self-respecting man can fail to condemn him. The same may be said of all the men whose names appear on this remarkable list. They are all "on the make" and all have shown conclusively that they are the enemies of workmen, if not of the whole American people. If this publication does not elect Cleveland it will indicate a sad lack of sense or morality in the people of this country.

THE Republican attempt to discredit the Democratic management of Missouri has been thoroughly knocked out by the records, and a sort of final vindication of the party's administration is afforded in the report of State Treasurer Stephens for last month. On Oct. 31 the balance on hand at the close of business amounted to \$337,542.94. During the month State 3% per cent bonds were called in to the amount of \$150,000. During the year thus far \$403,000 of the State debt has been paid off and during the Francis administration alone \$2,834,000 of interest bearing bonds have been cancelled. The entire bonded debt of the State has been reduced to \$6,080,000, of which only \$1,380,000 bears 6 per cent and the remainder 3% per cent interest. Col. Stephens' work during his short term gives promise that his election for a full

term will give the Treasury the benefit of an administration which will place the State's finances in the best possible shape.

THIS MEANS BUSINESS.

THE POST-DISPATCH, as everybody knows, is the great home paper, the great family paper of St. Louis and her suburbs. It is the only paper in St. Louis that has insisted for years on having its local circulation compared by a committee of advertisers with that of both the *Globe-Democrat* and the *Republic*, without limit as to date.

It is now and at all times prepared to satisfy any such committee that more copies of its week-day issues are taken regularly in the homes of the city and vicinity than of the *Republic* and the *Globe-Democrat* together.

It is now and at all times prepared to satisfy such a committee that the *SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH* is regularly taken and paid for in more St. Louis homes every Sunday than either of the morning papers on the same day or on any other day of the week.

WHO WON IN '88?

Looking back now we are inclined to rate the election of Harrison in 1888 as the very thing needed at that time to hasten the downfall of tariff monopolies in this country. It looks now very much as if he was made President in order that plutocracy might display more of its wolfish teeth and claws—in order that in the McKinley law the iniquity of high tariff taxation might be fully brought out and made plain to all the people.

In other words, the Republican plutocrats were allowed rope enough, and they have hanged themselves.

With a Republican President, a Republican House and a Republican Senate, it would have been an easy matter for the Republican statesmen to have modified tariff exactions as to secure popular acquiescence in moderate tariff protection, and in 1892 we should have beheld no procession of prominent and life-long Republicans fling into the Democratic camp and ranging themselves beneath the Democratic banners.

It may be said that Mr. McKinley was forced to extremes by greedy monopolists; and perhaps he was. But if he had resisted these men he would have easily gained this point, for they would have found it convenient to be content with half a loaf. Their contributions to the campaign fund might have been diminished, but the people would not have been aroused against tariff trusts and robberies as they are now. As Tennyson says:

Let Whig and Tory stir their blood—
We must have windy weather;
Yet for some true result of good
All parties work together.

MR. CLEVELAND'S SPEECH.

With his accustomed directness Mr. Cleveland puts the plain proposition that a free government ceases to be free when it is prostituted to the base purposes of a class antagonistic to the masses.

It is a plain proposition that our Government is only true to the principles upon which it rests when in its operation it represents the honest and intelligent sentiments of the people. When it does not its vigor and its very life are gone, and it remains but the mere semblance of a free Government—the weakest and most deformed plan of rule that ever deluded mankind. It can then no longer defend the rights of all, because rights are forgotten in the capricious bestowal of favors. It will then, to longer be the proud manifestation of the strength and virtue of a free people, because it will only be the miserable instrument of craft and selfishness.

This paragraph is in the true Jeffersonian spirit and is worthy the pen of Thomas Jefferson himself. We have drifted a long distance from the doctrine of rights, to realize which this Government was established. Special privileges have been so eagerly sought for and so freely bestowed that in the minds of many honest men the distinction between a right and a privilege has been overlooked.

The law cannot create rights, which exist independently of and anterior to all law, possessed by every man in virtue of his manhood. The best that a legislature can do is to secure equal rights with effective remedies. Whatever else it does is very apt to be mischief. The purpose of our government was to clear away obstacles from the path of the individual and insure him personal liberty, thus enabling him to employ all his rights and make the most of himself through his own exertions. American society was founded upon the democratic doctrine that the natural tendency to self-development and expansion is worthy of the highest honor; that it is rooted in man's very nature as man and is therefore sacred and inviolable.

But to this has succeeded the wolfish doctrine that there are no such things as right, but only privileges to be granted to those who will pay most for them. Legislation has been engaged for the past thirty years in restricting individual liberty. As Mr. Cleveland puts it, rights are forgotten in the capricious bestowal of favors. Not only so, but every special privilege granted to one is a denial of the rights possessed by all. The two cannot co-exist in a free society, and not until every vestige of privilege not granted for the good of all is swept away does a society deserve to be called free.

The Republican party is committed to

this system. It cannot extricate itself from the web of plutocracy. It is the attorney for the Carnegies and Cramps and Niedringhauses and is paid to dupe the people. It is developing a system which will in a very short time obliterate all rights and leave the people at the mercy of an aristocracy of wealth. It must be not only defeated but destroyed before the country can consider itself out of danger.

THE RAILROAD CONSPIRACY.

The placing of the name of Judge Shirk on the Populist ticket completed the conspiracy of the railroad bosses of Missouri to force the people to elect a railroad representative to the Supreme bench. This nomination is a double disgrace to the so-called People's party. It discredits every claim made by its leaders in this State that it is an anti-monopoly party devoted to the interests of the people and opposed to corporation control of politics. It makes this alleged party of the people the king pin in the scheme of the railroad combine to betray the people.

The Shirk-Sherwood conspiracy is one of the most daring and masterly strokes of political manipulation ever executed by the political agents and tool of corporations in behalf of their interests. Judge Shirk has for eighteen years been the salaried attorney of the most powerful railroad corporation in this State. His position and work render it impossible for him to avoid viewing the law from any standpoint except that of the corporation. When he was nominated by the Republicans he immediately applied himself to the task of setting up the railroad combination. He devoted his personal energies and all his influence with the operators of Jay Gould's political machine to securing the nomination of Sherwood by the Democrats. He was one of the most prominent and active Sherwood workers at the Democratic Convention and thus presented the remarkable spectacle of a candidate of one party helping to foist upon another the nomination of an opponent who, he claimed, would be the strongest candidate that could be selected. In view of these facts uncertainty with regard to the interest Judge Shirk represents and what he is working and running for is impossible.

As to Judge Sherwood it is unnecessary to reprint the evidences of his connection with the railroad combine made public by the *POST-DISPATCH* previous to his nomination. His decisions on the bench favorable to corporations, in some cases contrary to the opinions of all of his associates; the pecuniary and other favors he has received from railroad officials and the influence which secured his renomination are sufficient to mark him as a railroad candidate and an unfit man to be entrusted with the interests of the people in the highest judicial office within their gift.

The final move of the railroad bosses, by which Judge Shirk was foisted on the People's party, rounds out the conspiracy to make the people, and through them the Supreme Court of the State, serve the uses of the corporations.

This situation renders it imperative for honest citizens of all parties to get together for the defeat of the combine. No honest Democrat can afford to vote for Judge Sherwood, no honest Republican can afford to vote for Judge Shirk, no honest citizen should vote for either Sherwood or Shirk.

There is a way to defeat the combine. Charles Nagel, one of the nominees on the Republican judicial ticket, is a lawyer of high character and ability. Republicans should scratch Shirk. Democrats and Populists should scratch Sherwood and Shirk and write in the name of Charles Nagel.

THE uproar in Spurgeon's church on the first appearance of the American Dr. Pierson in his pastoral capacity was not wholly unlike the disturbance in a political convention. A follower of the two younger Spurgeons was ejected from the prayer-meeting, and there were cries of "Put him out!" "Leave the meeting!" etc. Dr. Pierson's promise to make it not for the devil this winter may serve to reunite the congregation, however, and all may yet be well.

An able American citizen is certain to do good work among obstinate British sinners, and Dr. Pierson's friends on this side of the water will hopefully observe his career in London.

The next amendment to the Federal Constitution should be one prohibiting two towns or post-offices in the United States to use the same name. As matters are now, there may be fifty towns of the same name, and all these towns are receiving mails that are constantly getting more or less mixed up on account of the folly of the men who chose a name for them. Much trouble, also, is occasioned by the absurd practice of using a post-office name different from that of the place where the office is located. The world is governed too much, but not in the matter of names for towns and post-offices.

THE Georgia papers should circulate a denunciation of the word "snailgaster." It is unknown to most campaign orators, and it looks as if it might be a useful addition to a speaker's vocabulary. In some parts of the Southwest there is such a person as the "gentleman of angosity and general understanding in the neighborhood," but it is likely that the "snailgaster" is something different.

"No, don't call me a colored man," says Father Tolton, the first American black man to be made a Catholic priest; "I'm a negro, a woolly-headed negro. It is all affection when a negro wants to be called colored." The Church of Rome made no mistake when it admitted Father Tolton to the priesthood. There are white teachers who have much less good sense than he.

THE new Esquimaux baby at the World's Fair has a terra cotta complexion and a voice that can be heard far into the Windy City.

A CINCINNATI minister declares that some of the people of that city are living two stories underground. Perhaps Cincinnati

has ceased to prosper since that eminent protectionist, Mr. Murat Halstead, moved to Brooklyn.

THE Nevada man who died at 60 years of age, and who had not washed or shaved in twenty-five years, did not perish from dirt. He faded away because he never used tobacco or alcoholic stimulants.

SHOULD the Democrats win any hats next week they should refrain from gloating over their Republican friends, who will have to pay McKinley prices for all hats lost.

WITHIN a short time all men persons in Chicago have died from breathing fuel gas. It is likely that fuel gas has started in to beat the record of the coal oil can.

Why Should They Change?

From the New York World.
The only hope of the Republican leaders is that the voters have changed their minds since 1890 and 1891.

Every election held this year has proved the delusiveness of this hope. And yet the party of the insinceres desperately to it.

Why should the voters change their minds or alter their verdict?

Have the worse than war taxes been reduced since 1890? No. The Republican Senate insolently pigeon-holed every bill for this purpose passed by the Democratic House in response to the people's demand.

Have the expenditures been reduced? No. The Republican Senate added \$3,000,000 to the appropriations as passed by the House.

Have the plutocrats and corruptionists been banished from the Republican councils? No. The great fund of 1888 has been more than duplicated, and Martin and Hackett are doing now the rascally work which Quay and Dudley did then.

Has the "rotten borough of spoils" ceased? No. The entire public service from cabinet officers and foreign ministers down to the smallest postmaster and lowest mental, is impressed into the campaign to re-elect their chief.

The public will has not been obeyed. The Republican party simply defies it. Now, however, will show that the people cannot be browbeaten and that they have not changed their minds.

Politics and Poetry.

From the Syracuse Courier.
The Republican office-holder at Washington to whom the committee awarded the World prize of \$500 for the best Democratic campaign song, but who refuses to allow his name to be given to the public, will to-day receive by mail his check for the amount.

That is right; politics and poetry are two different institutions, and if a Republican can grind out the best campaign song let him have his reward. But if Harrison ever finds him out, good-by Mr. Republican office-holder.

Some History.

From the Chicago Herald.
Whitehall Reid says that as he saw the property of the people in Chicago last week he thought that would have been the fate of the country if the Republican party had not triumphed in 1860 and 1864. Mr. Reid should know that the Republican party did not triumph in those years. Mr. Lincoln was elected in 1860 on a half dozen different tickets and in 1864 on a still more different ticket. The Republican party of monopoly corruption came into existence in 1868.

MEMORANDUM.

ONE of the campaign speakers in Alabama is named Tenate, a sort of figure of speech, as it were.

HAMILTON FISH is now the sole survivor of those distinguished men who held the Governorship of New York prior to 1870.

LORD SALISBURY has offered for sale his property in the city of London. He is 70 years old and wheels around on a beautiful little tricycle weighing ten pounds. The child is already a fine rider.

FREDERICK SION, the sailor who planted the first French flag upon the soil of Algeria on June 1, 1830, has just died at the age of 85 years. He was decorated for that and other achievements some years ago.

BENJAMIN BILSE, long famous in the musical life of Berlin, celebrated on Oct. 1 the twentieth anniversary of his first appearance as an orchestral conductor. He was the first man who gave popular symphony concerts in Berlin.

ERNEST MICHAUX, a French blacksmith, is claimed to have led, through the invention of a velocipede, to the discovery of the bicycle. A monument in his honor is about to be erected at Bar-le-Duc, his birthplace.

THE poet Whitliff left a larger estate than was expected even by his most intimate friends. It is understood that his copyrights alone bring in now an income of \$8,000 a year, while the total value of his estate is placed at \$12,000.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

News from Japan says that a number of Japanese actresses are preparing to start on a tour in Europe to illustrate the native style of acting.

The Queen of Denmark has received from her daughter, the Countess, a gown of gold and silver, specially woven by a new process. The cost is said to have been close upon \$300.

The bridal veil of the Princess Margarethe of Prussia is being made at Hirschberg in Silesia. Five hundred hands are at work on this single veil, which will take ten days work to complete.

EVERYBODY in London is talking about Mrs. Langtry's wonderful diamonds. Experts declare that the diamonds worn by the charming actress as Queen of Manoa could not have been of less value than \$20,000.

MISS FRANCES POWER CORBIE, who has recently waged vigorous war on the vivisectionists in England, is described as an extremely jolly old lady, very stout, with a round, rubicund face and merry laugh, most infectious.

STAFFORD HOUSE, the London residence of the Countess of Sutherland, is so magnificent that Queen Victoria, on bidding them good-bye one evening after he had given her a brilliant entertainment, remarked: "Well, I leave your palace to return to my house."

Scandal and Talk.

From the Philadelphia Times.
Concerning women taking part in politics, while there may be no scandal in it, it is certainly likely to give rise to much talk.

Chicago's Smoky and Milky Way.

From the Chicago Mail.
Chicago's Milky Way is the sun would attract more attention if the tugs and locomotives were compelled to obey this injunction: "No smoking."

COMMENT IS UNNECESSARY.

As They See It.
From The Morning's Globe-Democrat.
A "Globe-Democrat" reporter writes:
Some time ago the *Globe-Democrat* and *Range* Co. placed an advertisement in four of the local daily newspapers with the announcement that the first person cutting out the notice and sending it to its office on Nov. 1 would get a premium stove. The company had adopted this plan to secure a high percentage of efficiency of each paper. John M. Shuler of No. 1413 Pediton avenue was the first to send in the ad., which was cut from the *Globe-Democrat*.

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Have the expenditures been reduced? No. The Republican Senate added \$3,000,000 to the appropriations as passed by the House.

Have the plutocrats and corruptionists been banished from the Republican councils? No. The great fund of 1888 has been more than duplicated, and Martin and Hackett are doing now the rascally work which Quay and Dudley did then.

Has the "rotten borough of spoils" ceased? No. The entire public service from cabinet officers and foreign ministers down to the smallest postmaster and lowest mental, is impressed into the campaign to re-elect their chief.

The public will has not been obeyed. The Republican party simply defies it. Now, however, will show that the people cannot be browbeaten and that they have not changed their minds.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.
(No matter written on both sides of the sheet, can appear under this head.—Ed.)

The Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
A few of the journeymen barbers of this city are vigorously agitating the Sunday closing law regardless of the feelings and interests of their employers. Now this is very significant to my mind at this particular time. Like a majority of labor organizations it has drifted into politics. Now, if the barbers of St. Louis hope to succeed in their cause they should try to do so through the friendly co-operation of their employers and not through means injurious to our business.

Proof of the political aspect: A member of the House called on me personally a few days since to ascertain my opinion as to which would merit the more votes, defeating the measure or passing it. Now, it is probable that the measure would be defeated by the people, but men who aspire to positions of public trust through the suffrage of the people should not be engaged in politics.

Should the barbers of this city establish a building up trade in the barber's chair, and many of whom are among our best citizens, the demand for a law to close the shops on Sunday and it will reduce the receipts from 10 to 20 per cent and wages in proportion. Now the question arises: Can we afford this loss? Men that work for me (union men) say they will get the worst of it. If it is an established fact that labor organizations do not have a proper regard for their employer, in seeking to promote their interests, they should always aim to do so with the least possible injury to the business of the employer.

Now if the journeymen barbers were trying to increase their wages without injury to our business, they would have no objection to consider their action; but we consider this action just to the opposite and detrimental to all concerned. While I am a firm believer in union and believe in union, I am bitterly opposed to the course pursued by the journeymen barbers in this case. I feel that they are doing the interests of citizens engaged in the barber business, and I feel that the measure comes before the honorable House of Delegates next Tuesday night. C. F.

A Benevolent Baron.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
There are people in this country who pretend to believe that Mr. Niedringhaus is sincere in his profession that a tariff tax is levied for the benefit of the laborer. Nothing could be further from the truth. The writer cannot but be a personal acquaintance with the Baron, but from what he has heard from members of Mr. Niedringhaus' congregation and people who politically disagree with the Baron, he is a very different man from what he is made out to be.

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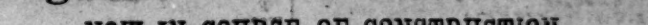
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to 50, sterling	1390-	and July	105	106
to 60, R. and	1892 June	and Dec	100	101
to 60, sterling	1893-94	Various	101	102
to 60, sterling	1895-96	Various	101	102
to 60, sterling	1896-97	Various	101	102
to 60, sterling	1900 April	and Oct	118	120

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RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. consols.	1900 May	and Nov	112	113
Mo. Pac. consols.	1900 May	and Nov	115	117
Mo. Pac. consols.	1900 May	and Nov	115	117
R. P. 1st m. st.	1895 Feb	and Aug	105	107
R. P. 1st m. st.	1895 June	and Dec	107	109
R. P. 1st m. st.	1899 May	and Nov	112	113
R. P. 1st m. st.	1901 May	and Nov	112	113

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St. Louis, Chicago and New York Markets. Grain, provisions, oil and cotton. Margin and 100 per share. Grain 10 per bushel in any amounts.

given for each person, while others allow for each player one rhythmical accent or beat, commonly known as a foot in poetry.

THIEF-CATCHING DODGE.

In This Instance Electricity Was Tried With Good Results.

From the San Francisco Examiner.

Ex District Attorney Sullivan told the

...I. A. M.—The feature of the stock market during the past few days has been the "pulling out" of the New York Central and 2 and 3 per cent. actively. The former sold out to 102½ and the latter to 101½. The latter was a very good deal more comparatively light dealings. The coming pressure on the market was very much relieved by the sale on the Exchange, to the detriment of business.

Non-Sterling exchange firm, 4.83½ for sixty days, 4.84½ for ninety days, 4.85½ for one hundred days, 4.86½ for one hundred and twenty days, 4.87½ for one hundred and thirty days, 4.88½ for one hundred and forty days, 4.89½ for one hundred and fifty days, 4.90½ for one hundred and sixty days, 4.91½ for one hundred and seventy days, 4.92½ for one hundred and eighty days, 4.93½ for one hundred and ninety days, 4.94½ for two hundred days, 4.95½ for two hundred and one days, 4.96½ for two hundred and two days, 4.97½ for two hundred and three days, 4.98½ for two hundred and four days, 4.99½ for two hundred and five days, 5.00½ for two hundred and six days, 5.01½ for two hundred and seven days, 5.02½ for two hundred and eight days, 5.03½ for two hundred and nine days, 5.04½ for two hundred and ten days, 5.05½ for two hundred and eleven days, 5.06½ for two hundred and twelve days, 5.07½ for two hundred and thirteen days, 5.08½ for two hundred and fourteen days, 5.09½ for two hundred and 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7.69½ for nineteen thousand four days, 7.70½ for nineteen thousand five days, 7.71½ for nineteen thousand six days, 7.72½ for nineteen thousand seven days, 7.73½ for nineteen thousand eight days, 7.74½ for nineteen thousand nine days, 7.75½ for twenty thousand days, 7.76½ for twenty thousand one days, 7.77½ for twenty thousand two days, 7.78½ for twenty thousand three days, 7.79½ for twenty thousand four days, 7.80½ for twenty thousand five days, 7.81½ for twenty thousand six days, 7.82½ for twenty thousand seven days, 7.83½ for twenty thousand eight days, 7.84½ for twenty thousand nine days, 7.85½ for twenty one thousand days, 7.86½ for twenty one thousand one days, 7.87½ for twenty one thousand two days, 7.88½ for twenty one thousand three days, 7.89½ for twenty one thousand four days, 7.90½ for twenty one thousand five days, 7.91½ for twenty one thousand six days, 7.92½ for twenty one thousand seven days, 7.93½ for twenty one thousand eight days, 7.94½ for twenty one thousand nine days, 7.95½ for twenty two thousand days, 7.96½ for twenty two thousand one days, 7.97½ for twenty two thousand two days, 7.98½ for twenty two thousand three days, 7.99½ for twenty two thousand four days, 8.00½ for twenty two thousand five days,

...place outside New Zealand, where the value of the stock was \$44,000,000. At that time the market was weak in London. U. S. 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 8

[illegible][illegible]

Hallibone, crackabone, tenney, lavery;
 'Marconetti, 'Marconetti, 'Marconetti;
 'Humble-ey, 'Humble-ey; 'twenty-nine.'
 'Red, white and blue;
 All out but you!
 'Orcer, utery, lckory, Tom;
 'Nicolson, 'Nicolson, 'Nicolson;
 'Queest, quaty, irish Mary;
 'Macnam, stangolom, buck.'
 'Eefr, meeny, mony, my;
 'Baracusa, bona;
 'Harum-crumm, harum-crumm;
 'Bohail, 'Bohail, 'Bohail;
 'Tater, minty, entery, caru.

Apple seed, briar thorns,
One here, one there, one yonder,
Three geese in a flock;
One here, one there, one yonder,
One saw ower the cuckoo's nest,
O-o-o, out.

One, two, three, four,
Lily at the kitchen door;
Eating grapes off the plate,
Lily, the silver, silver,
"Monkeys, monkeys, making beer,
How many monkeys are there here?
One, two, three, four,
Out goes this" (or he).

In most of these rhymes an entire word is

It was nair 't longed. Ain't he the feller that
they named the feller that
I said it was and went in to dinner.

1921

Lucky and Don't Know It

From the New York Tribune.

Meanwhile, the cost of living has greatly
decreased. And now it is time for voters
who care nothing for the cost of living to
be small to ask if so great a chance to the ad-
vantage of the people is to be lost.
at any time in any other country on earth, or
in this country at any other time except since
the Republican party established a protective
tariff.

From the western slope of the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific coast package Teas are sold almost exclusively and bulk Teas are comparatively unknown.

The reason is that the consumer gets the guarantee of a responsible house as to the quality of the goods and is certain that he is not paying \$1 for a 50-cent Tea.

This same guarantee can be had by every consumer if he will buy our HOOD-NAY brand.

If your grocer does not keep it, send 10 cents for an eighth-pound sample package by mail, prepaid.

Ladies can sample the Tea and partake of a complimentary luncheon
at Penny & Gentles'.
GREELEY-BURNHAM GROCER CO.



Chicago & St. Louis Electric Railroad
NOW IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION.

The books for SECOND ISSUE OF STOCK will be opened **Nov. 1**
and close **Nov. 7th.** PRICE, **\$4.00 PER SHARE; PAR VALUE**
\$10.00. FULL PAID AND NON-ASSESSABLE.

READ OUR ANNOUNCEMENT IN TO-MORROW'S PAPER.

C. & ST. L. E. R. R. Co., (511 Bank of Commerce Building, St. Louis
915 and 916 "The Temple," Chicago.)

INFORMATION and PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION.

UNION TRUST COMPANY OF ST. LOUIS

Capital Fully Paid **ONE MILLION DOLLARS.**

Executes Trusts of Every Description,
Issues Certificates and Guarantees of Titles to Real Estate.
ALLOWS LIBERAL INTEREST ON ALL DEPOSITS.
We specially solicit accounts of Executors, Administrators or Trustees of Estates and Religious Institutions and Individuals.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. A. Baker,	Geo. W. Parker,	Geo. S. Myers,	W. M. Ruck,
Wm. B. Lee,	E. H. Lantry,	Geo. S. Graham,	Hugh L. Crawford,
Hugh McKittick,	Jerome Hill,	Chas. H. Turner,	Wm. M. Senter,
Geo. E. Leighton,	Joseph Hill,	A. L. Shapleigh,	Edw. Mullinbrodt,
W. F. HIGGINS	CARLOS S. GREELEY	First Vice-President	
W. F. VAUSON	Second Vice-President		
CHAS. F. GAUSS	Third Vice-President		
	C. TOMKINS, Treasurer		

MONEY.

While the demand is not so urgent rates are firm at 7 to 8 per cent.
Bank clearings.....\$3,950,000

Sam'l. A. Gaylord, John H. Blessing
GAYLORD, BLESSING & CO.
307 OLIVE ST.
DEALERS IN HIGH-GRADE BONDS

Exchange quoted by A. G. Edwards & Sons:		Suitable for Savings Banks and Trust Funds		
New York	25c discount	H. M. NOEL & CO. —DEALERS— MUNICIPAL BONDS, AND ALL LOCAL STOCKS. Investment Securities a Specialty. HYDRAULIC CITY WATER CO. N. W. CORNER 3d and Pine St.		
Chicago	25c discount			
Cincinnati	25c discount			
Louisville	25c discount			
New Orleans	25c discount			
Local Bonds.		GEO. M. HUSTON & CO. Bonds and Stocks, 305 Pine St. Monthly quotation circular mailed free. Also list of first-class securities always on hand.		
Corrected daily by James Campbell, Broker, 307 Pine street.				
U. S. BONDS.				
When Due	Interest Payable			Hld. Acc.
2 percent bonds.	Opt'l Jan. 8, S. D. & M.			100
4 percent bonds.	1907 J. A. J. & O.	114	1415 1/2	
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				

[illegible]

Wall Street.

It is the feature of the stock market during the past few days has been in Illinois counties and New York Central of 2 and 3 per cent respectively. The market has been very active, and the general list has declined to 10 per cent of the total. The market has been very active, and the general list has declined to 10 per cent of the total. The market has been very active, and the general list has declined to 10 per cent of the total.

COUNTING OUT.

Rhymes Used by Children to Deceive Who Is "It"

[illegible][illegible]

Queery, quaggy, Irish Mary.
Educa-tue, stangulum, huck." " " "
"Eduy, neevny, mona my,
Bar-dum, hood, du, du, du."
Harm-ur, cunary, bar-mur, mar-mur,
Bostall, y'ingda, bood, du, du, du."
"Intery, mintery, cutery, cora,
Appie seed, briar thorny,
Wise, briar, imber hood,
Three eena is a three eena,
One few fast, one dew west,
Can we ever see the out-yo's nest.
O-u-i, out, out."

One, two, three, four,
Five at the kitchen door,
Eating grapes off the plate,
Fire, six, seven, eight.

From the western slope of the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific coast package Teas are sold almost exclusively and bulk Teas are comparatively unknown.

The reason is that the consumer thus gets the guarantee of a responsible house as to the quality of the goods and is certain that he is not paying \$1 for a 50-cent Tea.

This same guarantee can be had by every consumer if he will buy our HOO-NAN brand.

If your grocer does not keep it, send 10 cents for an eighth-pound sample package by mail, prepaid.

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Geo. E. Leighton,	Joseph Hill,	A. L. Shapleigh,	Edw. Mullinbrodt,
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ST. LOUIS AND BELLEVILLE

The Legality of a Polling Place in a Village Questioned

It is claimed that the fourth ward poll in this city is not properly located and that the votes cast there cannot be legally counted. The poll is at Huff's saloon, on West Main street, and the location of the poll is not in accordance with the requirements of the law. The ground floor, Illinois' new election law provides that polling places shall be in the front rooms of buildings on public highways, and invariably on the ground floor. It also provides that no poll shall be located in any room used as a saloon, or in any room connected by door or passage with a saloon. Huff's saloon, where the fourth ward poll is held, is in the second story of a building, the ground floor of which is occupied as a saloon. The upper and lower floors are connected by a hall and staircase. Under these circumstances it appears that the poll is undoubtedly illegal, and there may be trouble in the future arising from it unless the arrangements are altered.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Jacob Schumacher and Caroline Steffert, Frederick Schumacher and Annie Schumacher, and William D. Holman and Chicago and Bertha Holman. Christ Young of Engelmann and Anna Vogt of Fayetteville.

Charles Hall, aged 16, was brought here yesterday from East Carondelet and lodged in jail on the charge of burglary. He is accused of having entered a store at that place and is charged with having taken the act of carrying away goods.

The St. Louis Police reports that the local police made thirty-eight arrests during the month of October.

A. A. McConaughy, an attorney for Lewis S. Smith, has secured the highest Illinois District Court judge in the Circuit Court of St. Louis.

John Buehner, a Bavarian, Frank J. Baker, Henry R. Baker, Louis R. Baker, and Henry R. Baker, were arrested yesterday at the St. Louis Police Court.

The County Clerk issued ninety-two marriage licenses last month.

The Clerks' Association will hold a business meeting tonight.

There are fifty-nine prisoners in the county jail, forty-one of them from St. Louis.

C. C. Amman, Fred Kemnitz and Ben Merck of Highland are visiting at Ketchikan Station yesterday.

Henry Hamann died at Ketchikan Station yesterday, aged 45 years.

East St. Louis.

A serious accident befell Emil Walters, a laborer employed at the Tudor Iron Works, this morning.

While engaged with others in loading steel rails into a car a number of rails fell on him, crushing his legs.

He was removed to St. Mary's Hospital and received the attention of Drs. C. F. Wilhelm and J. L. Wiggins. His injuries are very severe.

It is probable that the amputation of both legs will be necessary.

Hon. William S. Forman of Nashville, the representative in Congress of the highest Illinois District Court judge in the Circuit Court of St. Louis.

He was in the city yesterday, and was dressed in a large amount of business suits.

Previous to the meeting he was presented with a gold-headed cane, which was presented to him by the St. Louis Police.

Mr. Forman is a member of the St. Louis Police Association, and is a member of the St. Louis Police Association.

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\$12.00 FOR THE PATRONS

FOR SALE!

LOTS IN BEAUTIFUL WALNUT PARK,

On 60-foot streets, 140 feet deep, to 15-foot alleys, within 38 minutes of Third and Washington avenue, via Benton and Bellefontaine Electric Line, fare 5 cents, at a price that will surely make you money in a few months. Buy now and obtain benefits of the advance in prices which will follow as soon as the electric line (now operated within about five blocks of this property) is extended past

WALNUT PARK.

This beautiful tract is located in northwestern part of city, on the west side of Florissant avenue, about five blocks north of Calvary avenue. BUY IN THE CITY, where you can get the benefits of all improvements, schools, etc. Abstract and papers furnished free to purchaser. Special inducements to BUILDERS and home-seekers. Terms, one-third cash, balance one, two or three years, or monthly payments, at option of purchaser, WITHOUT INTEREST. Price from \$7 to \$12 per front foot. Send for plat of

WALNUT PARK.

Go out and select your lot. Our agent on the ground.

Greenwood & Co., T. P. Bell & Bro.,

421 Olive St.

104 N. 10th St.

Phone 4012.

Phone 3908.

When Going to Kansas City



WHY DON'T YOU TAKE THE WABASH?

It is the Shortest, Quickest, Smoothest and Best Equipped Line.

Only Line Running Pullman Compartment Sleepers.

Ticket Office, Southeast Corner Broadway and Olive Street.

formerly of Taylorville, will build a \$10,000 Christian church in the latter city for "old times' sake."

The church is to be built on a lot owned by the late Mrs. J. W. Taylor, and is to be dedicated to the memory of her husband.

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\$12.00 FOR THE PATRONS

FOR SALE!

LOTS IN BEAUTIFUL WALNUT PARK,

On 60-foot streets, 140 feet deep, to 15-foot alleys, within 38 minutes of Third and Washington avenue, via Benton and Bellefontaine Electric Line, fare 5 cents, at a price that will surely make you money in a few months. Buy now and obtain benefits of the advance in prices which will follow as soon as the electric line (now operated within about five blocks of this property) is extended past

WALNUT PARK.

This beautiful tract is located in northwestern part of city, on the west side of Florissant avenue, about five blocks north of Calvary avenue. BUY IN THE CITY, where you can get the benefits of all improvements, schools, etc. Abstract and papers furnished free to purchaser. Special inducements to BUILDERS and home-seekers. Terms, one-third cash, balance one, two or three years, or monthly payments, at option of purchaser, WITHOUT INTEREST. Price from \$7 to \$12 per front foot. Send for plat of

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It is the Shortest, Quickest, Smoothest and Best Equipped Line.

Only Line Running Pullman Compartment Sleepers.

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formerly of Taylorville, will build a \$10,000 Christian church in the latter city for "old times' sake."

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GOING DOWN THE HILL

the life of the English horseman is in his
bale, not in the bookie ring, and for that
reason alone his horseflesh is likely to give
greater satisfaction on the course than that
of the American owner, who eight times out
of ten is either a bookmaker, interested in a
book or the track, or is "out for all the coin
can pluck the bookies for, regardless of
the racing." The matter of the extreme
strength and graceful build of most English

President Alex. Ullman of the East St. Louis Hockey Club said to-day that the rule permitting none but those who either purchase tickets or have annual passes to ride free on the regular train to the track will be strictly enforced. "Many have come to the conclusion," said Ullman, "that the train is free to everyone. Now, such is not the case. Many have already ascertained. Tickets will be furnished to those entitled to them, and anyone found on the train without one

man," Burge of Australia and "Billy" Han. The Australian has been doing very little fighting of late, but has agreed to put the gloves again provided a suitable purse

Woodruff, an old Yale man, will play on the team, thereby greatly strengthening it. The eleven will be individually one of

H. E. Stewart, the well-known pool expert played a 200-point game, continuous pool with Fred Harvey at Ansonia, Conn., last

be known here as telephone day and will be celebrated by the entertaining of a special trainload of capitalists from Chicago, New York, San Francisco and Europe.

has the signature, "Eisner & Mende
Co., New York, Sole Agents," on a
bottle."

snake" Ames, and George W. an old Yale man, will play on the thereby greatly strengthening it and will be individually one of